

Reg. No.: Name:

VI Semester B.Sc. Degree (C.B.C.S.S. – Supplementary) Examination, April 2023 (2017 to 2018 Admissions)

CORE COURSE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE 6B14CSC: Data Communication and Networks

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 40

		SECTION - A	
1.	Or	One word answer.	(8×0.5=4)
	a)) Transmission media are usually categorized as	
	b)) The five components that make up a data communication system are	!
	c)	The session layer, and the	
		interaction between the communication devices.	
	d)) is the process of adding one extra byte whenever the	re is
		a flag or escape character in the text.	
	e)) In distance vector routing, each route maintains a to one node.	every
	f)	The ultimate goal of transport layer is to provide,	
		and services to its users.	
	g)) The message to be encrypted is known as	
	h)) In the DES specification, the key length is bit.	
		SECTION - B	

Write short notes on any seven of the following questions.

 $(7 \times 2 = 14)$

- 2. Define topology of a network.
- 3. What does the term data refer to?
- 4. State the functions of data link control.
- 5. List the effects of congestion in computer networks.

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- 6. What are substitution techniques?
- 7. Why is ISO-OSI model called so?
- 8. Give an account of PAR protocol.
- 9. Define the terms cryptography and cryptanalysis.
- 10. What is bit stuffing?
- 11. Mention the three aspects of security.

SECTION - C

Answer any four of the following questions.

 $(4 \times 3 = 12)$

- 12. Compare point-to-point and multipoint connection in a network.
- 13. List the advantages and disadvantages of bus topology.
- 14. What is the difference between a leaky bucket and a token bucket algorithm?
- 15. What is a sink tree?
- 16. List the characteristics of flooding.
- 17. Differentiate between a monoalphabet cipher and a polyalphabetic cipher.

SECTION - D

Answer any two of the following questions.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$

- 18. Describe:
 - i) LAN and
 - ii) WAN networks.
- 19. Compare OSI and TCP/IP models.
- 20. Citing suitable example, describe Dijkstra's algorithm to create a shortest path tree from a graph.
- 21. Differentiate conventional key (symmetric) from public key (asymmetric) encryption.