

Reg. No. :	
Name:	

· M 7579

III Semester B.Sc. Degree (CCSS-Reg./Supple./Imp.) Examination, November 2014 CORE COURSE IN PHYSICS **3B03 PHY : Classical Mechanics**

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Weightage : 30

SECTION-A

Choose the correct answer. Each bunch of question carries a weightage of 1.

- 1. i) The real law of motion is
 - a) Newton's I law b) Newton's II law
 - c) Newton's III law d) None
 - ii) The trajectory of a particle in a central force field where E = 0 is
 - a) Parabola b) Hyperbola
 - c) Circle d) Ellipse
 - iii) The homogenecity of flow of time leads to law of conservation of
 - a) Angular momentum b) Linear momentum
 - c) Energy d) None of the above
 - iv) For a harmonic oscillator, the condition for over damped motion is
 - a) $k > w_0$ b) $k = w_0$
 - c) $k < w_0$

d) $k > w_0^2$

- 2. i) Frame of reference in which Newton's law is valid is known as
 - a) Inertial frame
 - b) Non-inertial frame
 - c) Uniformly rotating frames
 - d) None
 - ii) The rest mass of a photon is
 - a) 1
 - c) 0

- b) ~
- d) Cannot be determined

M7579

iii) Gravitational force is an example of

- a) Conservative force
- b) Non-conservative force
- c) Storage force
- d) Both b) and c)
- iv) A particle oscillating under a force $\vec{F} = -k\vec{x} b\vec{v}$ is a (k and b are constants)

-2-

- a) simple harmonic oscillator
 - b) nonlinear oscillator
- c) damped oscillator
- d) forced oscillator

 $(2 \times 1 = 2)$

SECTION-B

Answer any six questions. Each carries a weightage of 1.

- 3. Define torque and angular momentum. How are they related?
- 4. State Kepler's laws of planetary motion.
- 5. Define Q-factor of a harmonic oscillator.
- 6. Distinguish between inertial and non-inertial frame of references.
- 7. State the postulates of special theory of relativity.
- 8. Distinguish between escape velocity and orbital velocity. How are they related ?
- 9. What is Lorentz Fitzgerald contraction?
- 10. What is time dilation?

SECTION - C

Answer any nine questions. Each carries a weightage of 2.

- 11. Show that the velocity of light is the same for all inertial frames, whatever their relative speeds may be.
- 12. Explain length contraction.
- 13. Derive the differential equation of a harmonic oscillator.
- 14. Prove Newton's I law from Newton's second law of motion.
- 15. Define gravitational potential. Obtain an expression for it.

(6×1=6)

16. The rest mass of an electron is 9.1×10⁻³¹ kg. What will be its mass if it were moving with (4/5)th of the speed of light ?

-3-

- 17. What is half width ? Obtain an expression for half width of resonance curve.
- 18. The frequency of a tuning fork is 300 Hz. If its Q-factor is 5×10^4 , find the time

after which its energy becomes $\frac{1}{10}$ of its initial value.

- 19. Prove that the angular momentum is a constant for motion under a central force.
- 20. Briefly explain the fundamental forces in nature.
- 21. Calculate the reduced mass of CO. Given atomic number of C and O atoms are 12 and 16 respectively. (1 a.m.v. = 1.67×10^{-27} kg).
- 22. With what velocity should a space ship fly so that every day spent on it may correspond to 3 days on the earth's surface. (9×2=18)

SECTION-D

Answer any one question. Each carries a weightage of 4.

- 23. Derive an expression for gravitational potential and field due to a thin spherical shell at a point (i) outside the shell and (ii) inside the shell.
- 24. Derive the Lorentz transformation equations.

 $(1 \times 4 = 4)$