e dono kan ik yokrimbanii, 🛊



Reg.	No.	:	
------	-----	---	--

Name:

I Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS-Reg./Supple./Improv.) Examination,
November 2018

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN MATHEMATICS 1C01 MAT – PH: Mathematics for Physics and Electronics – I (2014 Admn. Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

SECTION - A

All the first 4 questions are compulsory. They carry 1 mark each.

- 1. The derivative of sinh⁻¹x w.r.t. x is
- 2. State Cauchy's mean value theorem. ed to hemodeveb a himslock and sold and
- 3. Define the continuity of a function of two variables.
- 4. Find the Cartesian equation corresponding to the polar equation $r^2 = 4r\cos\theta$. (1×4=4)

SECTION - B

Answer any 7 questions from among the questions 5 to 13. They carry 2 marks each.

- 5. If $y = \sin(\sin x)$ prove that $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \tan x \frac{dy}{dx} + y \cos^2 x = 0$.
- 6. Find the nth derivative of sin(ax + b).
- 7. Find the derivative of $tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1-x^2}\right)$ with respect to $sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2x}{1+x^2}\right)$.
- 8. Show that $x^3 3x^2 + 3x + 2$ is monotonically increasing in every interval.

K18U 2185

-2-



- 9. Find lim(x log x) as x tends to zero.
- 10. Determine $\lim_{x\to a} (x-a)^{(x-a)}$ as $x\to a$.
- 11. Verify that $\frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial y \partial x^2} = \frac{\partial^3 u}{\partial x^2 \partial y}$, where $u = y^2 e^x + x^2 y^3$.
- 12. Find the radius of curvature of the curve $y = 3x^2 + 4x$ at (1, 7).
- 13. Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{x \sin x}{x^3}$.

 $(2 \times 7 = 14)$

SECTION - C

Answer any 4 questions from among the questions 14 to 19. These questions carry 3 marks each.

- 14. Find the Maclaurin's development of the function log (1 +x).
- 15. Separate the interval in which the polynomial $2x^3 15x^2 + 36x + 1$ is increasing or decreasing.
- 16. Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\cosh x \cos x}{x \sin x}$.
- 17. If $u = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$ show that $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} = 0$.
- 18. Find the co-ordinates of the centre of curvature on the curve $y = x^2$ at $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4})$.
- 19. Find the spherical co-ordinates of the point that has rectangular co-ordinates $(x, y, z) = (4, -4, 4\sqrt{6})$ (3×4=12)



SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions from among the questions 20 to 23. These questions carry 5 marks each.

- 20. State Leibnitz on nth derivative of product of two functions. Using it find nth derivative of x²e^x cosx.
- 21. Find $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{e^x e^{-x} 2x}{x^2 \sin x}$.
- 22. Find the radius of curvature at the point $x = at^2$, y = 2at on the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and find the centre of curvature.
- 23. Find the equation in cylindrical and spherical co-ordinates if the equation is $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ in rectangular system. (5×2=10)