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Name	9 '			

Third Semester M.A. Degree (Reg./Suppl./Imp.)

Examination, October 2018

(2014 Admn. Onwards)

Economics/App.Economics/Dev.Economics

ECO3E02: INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 60

industrial Credit and Investme A - TRAP tion of India was set up in

Answer all questions.

- 1. Which among the following was not an objective of industrial policy, 1948?
 - a) Rapid Industrial Development and to Isligso and these general sense (s
 - b) Balanced Industrial Structure
 - c) Concentration of Economic Power
 - d) Balanced Regional Growth
- 2. Identify the list of industries for which licensing is compulsory in India.
 - a) Cigarettes and alcohol
 - b) Industrial explosives /// neonema-non s al pniwollot ent pnome doint // 8.
 - c) Electronics aerospace and defense equipments ANDAS TELLWEH (8
 - d) All the above
- 3. The committee which enquired the working of industrial licensing system in India was
 - a) Dutt Committee

- b) AsokRudra Committee
- c) Tharapore Committee
- d) Thyagi Committee



4.	Th	e oldest stock exchange in India is								
	a)	Bombay Stock Exchange b) National Stock Exchange								
	c)	OTCEI d) None of these								
5.	Foi	Foreign Trade Policy (FTP) 2015-20 introduced								
	1.	. Merchandise Exports from India Scheme.								
	II.	. Services Exports from India Scheme.								
end.	III.	Make in India Scheme.								
	a)	I only b) II only c) I and II only d) II and III only								
6.	Ind	ndustrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India was set up in								
	a)	1948 b) 1951 c) 1955 d) 1964								
7.	Ide	entify the wrong statement in the comparison between shares and debentures.								
	a)	Shares represent the capital of the company. Debentures represent the debt of the company.								
	b)	Shareholders get the dividend. Debenture holders get the interest.								
	c)	Dividend on shares in an appropriation of profit. Interest on debentures is a charge against profit.								
	d)	Shares can be converted into debentures. Debentures can never be converted into shares.								
8.	Wh	Which among the following is a non-American MNC operating in India?								
	a)	HEWLETT PACKARD and upo a b) MICROSOFT and a company of the compan								
	c)	IBM d) NESTLE evods ent IIA (8×1/2=4)								
	me	3. The committee which enquire 8 - TRA9 ing of industrial licensing syst								
Ar	SW	er any eight questions. Each answer should not exceed 1 page.								

9. Distinguish between bond and debenture.

10. Write a note on industrial economics.

11. Bring out the significance of cottage and village industries.

- 12. What are SIDCs?
- 13. What is meant by industrial stagnation?
- 14. What do you mean by administered pricing?
- 15. Distinguish between nominal and effective rate of protection.
- 16. What is meant by competitiveness?
- 17. What is GIC?
- 18. Briefly explain Foreign Direct Investment (FDI).
- 19. What is industrial integration?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

PART - C

-3-

Answer any four questions. Each answer should not exceed 2½ pages.

- 20. Explain the problems faced by cottage and small scale industries in India.
- 21. Prepare a note on Industrial Finance Corporation of India.
- 22. Outline the reasons for mergers and the type of mergers.
- 23. Discuss the major sources of industrial finance.
- 24. What were the aims and objectives of MRTP Act?
- 25. Evaluate recent trends in India's industrial growth.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

PART - D

Answer any two questions. Each answer should not exceed 6 pages.

- 26. Discuss the problems and shortcomings of public sector industries in India.
- 27. Explain the theories of industrial location given by Weber and August Losch.
- 28. Critically examine the Industrial Policy of 1991.
- 29. Discuss the trends and issues of industrialization in Kerala. (2×10=20)