Reg. No. : $\qquad$
Name : $\qquad$

I Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS.-Reg./Supple./Improv.) Examination, November 2017
Core Course in Physics
(2014 Admn. Onwards)
1 B01 PHY : PHYSICS PRIMERS

Time: 3 Hours
Max. Marks : 40
Instruction: Write answers in English only.

## SECTION-A

Answer all. Very short answer type. Each question carries one mark.

1. A wave which requires a medium for their propagation is called $\qquad$ .
2. A vector divided by its magnitude is called $\qquad$ .
3. Heliocentric theory was put forward by $\qquad$ .
4. The differential equation representing Simple Harmonic Motion $\qquad$ .
SECTION - B

Answer any seven. Short answer type. Each question carries two marks.
( $2 \times 7=14$ )
5. What is Gauss's divergence theorem?
6. State Plank's quantum hypothesis.
7. Represent graphically the variation of kinetic energy, potential energy and total energy with displacement of a particle executing simple harmonic motion.
8. Define null vector and give 2 properties of it.
9. Distinguish between longitudinal and transerse wave.

## |||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||

10. What are Lissajous figures ?
11. What is Del operator?
12. Write an expression for kinetic energy of a particle executing simple harmonic motion.
13. What is Fourier theorem?
14. Write a note on contributions of Indian physicists in twentieth century.
SECTION - C

Answer any four. Short essay/problem type. Each question carries three marks.
15. Prove that div curl $(F)=0$.
16. A tuning fork of frequency 512 Hz produced a plane wave in air having amplitude $0.5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~mm}$. Calculate the energy density and intensity of the wave. (Velocity of sound in air $332 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and density of air $=1.29 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ )
17. The equation of a simple harmonic oscillator is given by $d^{2} x / d t^{2}+625 x=0$. Find the period and frequency of oscillation.
18. Express $v^{2}$ in spherical polar coordinates.
19. Derive the differential equation of wave motion in one dimension.
20. Prove that the given vectors $\vec{A}=i+4 j+3 k$ and $\vec{B}=4 i+2 j-4 k$ are perpendicular to each other.

## SECTION -D

Answer any two. Long essay type. Each question carries five marks.
21. Obtain the transformation and reverse transformation equations between Cartesian coordinates and Spherical Polar coordinates.
22. Derive an expression for the velocity of longitudinal wave in a rod.
23. What is meant by standard model in high energy physics? What are the various particle families in the standard model ? Explain Higgs mechanism.
24. Discuss in detail the two simple harmonic motions of equal periods in a straight

