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II Semester M.A. Degree (C.B.S.S. – Reg./Supple./Imp.) Examination, April 2023 (2019 Admission Onwards) ECONOMICS/APPLIED ECONOMICS/DEV. ECONOMICS ECO 2C08: Public Economics – I

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

SECTION - A

Answer all questions - Objective types.

 $(8 \times \frac{1}{2} = 4)$

- 1. Concentration and displacement effect in public expenditure are attributed to
 - a) A. R. Prest and I. M. D. Little
 - b) A. C. Pigou and J. K. Mehta
 - c) Allen T. Peacock and Jack Wiseman
 - d) Kenneth Arrow and Paul A. Samuelson
- 2. Impact of a tax refers to
 - a) Final money burden
- b) Immediate money burden
- c) Indirect real burden
- d) None of the above
- 3. Of those listed below, pick the best example for pure public good
 - a) Book
 - b) Music event in an auditorium
 - c) Radio broadcast
 - d) Taxi service
- 4. If the public debt can be financed without adding to inflation or causing interest rates to rise, it is said to be
 - a) Following the golden rule of the public finance
 - b) Balanced
 - c) Unbalanced
 - d) Sustainable



- 5. According to the principle of sound finance
 - a) Government should spend the least and tax the little
 - b) Maximum Government spending
 - c) Minimum Government spending
 - d) The expenditure should be greater than revenue
- 6. _____ is a broad based and a single comprehensive tax levied on goods and services consumed in an economy.
 - a) GST

b) CENVAT

c) VAT

d) Income tax

- 7. GST is based on
 - a) Maximum social advantage principle
 - b) Cost-Benefit principle
 - c) Destination-based consumption
 - d) None of the above
- 8. If the demand for a commodity is perfectly elastic, the entire tax burden will be upon
 - a) Seller
 - b) Buyer
 - c) On both buyer and seller
 - d) None of these

SECTION - B

Answer any eight questions. Each carries 2 marks.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

- 9. Distinguish between public good and pure public good.
- 10. Write very short note on Value Added Tax (VAT).
- 11. What is free rider problem?
- 12. Distinguish between incidence and burden.
- 13. Distinguish between funded and unfunded debt.



- 14. What is functional finance?
- 15. What is principle of sound finance?
- 16. What is debt trap?
- 17. What is the difference between social goods and private goods?
- 18. What is floating debt?
- 19. What is pump priming?

SECTION - C

Answer any four questions. Each carries 5 marks.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

- 20. What is fiscal policy? Discuss the objectives of fiscal policy.
- 21. Write a note on Wagner's law of increasing state activity.
- 22. Analyse the effect of public expenditure on production.
- 23. What are the advantages and disadvantages of issuing public debt for the Government?
- 24. Discuss Arrow's impossibility theorem.
- 25. Distinguish basic characteristics of private goods from those of the public goods.

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each carries 10 marks.

 $(2\times10=20)$

- 26. Explain the various methods adopted for redemption of public debt.
- 27. Discuss trends and growth of public expenditure in India.
- 28. Discuss the important determinants of shifting of tax burden.
- 29. Discuss the important tax reforms in India.