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IV Semester B.B.A. Degree (CBCSS – Supplementary) Examination, April 2022 (2016-18 Admissions) Core Course

4B08 BBA: CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40

SECTION - A

Answer all questions. Each question carries ½ mark.

- 1. What is purchase consideration?
- 2. What is external reconstruction?
- 3. What is the journal entry for making provision for taxation?
- 4. What is the net payment method in amalgamation?

 $(4 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2)$

SECTION - B

Answer any 4 questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 5. What is capital reduction?
- 6. What is proposed dividend? Show journal entry.
- 7. What is internal reconstruction?
- 8. What is alteration of share capital?
- 9. Pass journal entry for transfer of profit on realisation.
- 10. What is absorption?

 $(4 \times 1 = 4)$



SECTION - C

Answer any 6 questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 11. What is preliminary expense and pre-operating expense?
- 12. A Ltd. takeover the business of B Ltd. at the following values

Rs.

Fixed assets

3,00.000

Current assets

1.00.000

Debentures

50,000

Current liabilities

1,00,000

Calculate the amount of purchase consideration.

- 13. What is the difference between amalgamation and external reconstruction?
- 14. What are the different methods of calculating amount of purchase consideration?
- 15. The paid up capital of Toy Ltd. amounted to Rs. 2,50,000 consisting of 25000 equity shares of Rs. 10 each.

Due to loss incurred by the company continuously, the directors of the company prepared a scheme for reconstruction which was duly approved by the court. The terms of reconstruction were as follows:

- I) In view of their present holding, the shareholder are to receive
 - a) Fully paid equity shares equal to 2/5th of their holding.
 - b) 5% preference shares fully paid up to the extent of 20% of the above new equity shares.
 - c) 3,000, 6% second debentures of Rs. 10 each.
- II) An issue of 2,500, 5% first debentures of Rs. 10 each was made and fully subscribed in cash.
- III) The assets were reduced as follows:
 - a) Goodwill from Rs. 1,50,000 to Rs. 75,000
 - b) Machinery from Rs.50,000 to Rs. 37,500
 - c) Leasehold premises from Rs. 75,000 to Rs. 62,500.

Show the journal entries to give effect to the above scheme of reconstruction.



- 16. What is dividend? Explain the sources out of which dividend can be declared.
- 17. What is reduction of share capital? Explain what are the ways company can adopt to reduce share capital.
- 18. The following is the balance sheet of A Ltd. as on 31.03.2007

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
14.000 equity shares of		Sundry assets	18.00,000
Rs. 100 each fully paid	14,00,000	Discount on issue of	
General reserve	10,000	debentures	10,000
10° odebentures	2,00,000	Preliminary expenses	30,000
Sundry creditors	2,00,000	Profit or Loss a/c	60,000
Bank overdraft	50,000		
Bills payable	40,000		
	19,00,000		19,00,000

R Ltd. agreed to take over the business of A Ltd. Calculate purchase consideration under Net Asset method on the basis of the following:

The market value of 75% of sundry assets is estimated to be 12% more than the book value and that of the remaining 25% at 8% less than the book value. The liabilities are taken over at book values. There is an unrecorded liability of Rs. 25.000. (6×3=18)

SECTION - D

Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries 8 marks.

- 19. Explain the difference between pooling of interest method and purchase method.
- 20. The following is the trial balance of Ram Cement Co. Ltd. on 31.03.2020

Debit Balance	Rs. Credit Balance	Rs.
Stock (01.04.19)	75,000 Sales	3,50,000
Purchase	2,45,000 Profit and Loss	
Wages	50,000 (31.03.19)	15,030

Furniture and fittings Salaries	17,000 Share capital (10,0	
Rent Sundry expenses Dividend paid Debtors	7,500 equity shares of Rs 4,950 Sundry creditors 7,050 Reserve fund 9,000 Discount received	.10) 1,00,000 17,500 15,500
Machinery Cash in hand	29,000	5,000
Cash at bank Patent and trademark	10,200 - 6,000 4,830	
Additional information: - Stock on 31st march 2020 we	5,03,030	5,03,030

- Stock on 31st march 2020 was worth Rs.82,000
- Depreciate fixed assets at 10%
- Make provision for income tax @ 50%

Prepare statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31.03.2020, and the balance sheet as on the date in prescribed form.

21. Blue Ltd. and Star Ltd. were amalgamated on and from 1st April, 2002. A new company called Yellow Star Ltd. was formed to take over the business of the above said companies. The balance sheet of Blue Ltd. and Star Ltd. As on 31st March, 2002 are given here under

Liabilities	arterie under	0	Ltd. and Star Ltd. As
Share capital:	Blue Ltd.	(in lakhs)	
Equity shares of Rs	100 0004	,	Star Ltd. (in lakhs)
Preference share	res of Re 100	2,000	1.000
(036146	each	800	1.600
General reserve		200	600
Profit and Loss a/c		400	160
12% debentures of Rs.	100	160	300
Current liabilities	100 each	192	120
Total		408	160
		4,160	190
		-,,,,,,	3,130

Assets:

1,02G(2)		1122
Fixed assets		
Current assets (loans and advances)	2,400	2.000
Total	1,760	2,000
Additional	4,160	1,130
Additional information :		3,130

- Preference shareholders of Blue Ltd. and Star Ltd. have received same number
- 12% debentures of Blue Ltd. and Star Ltd. are discharged by new company by issuing adequate number of 16% debentures of Rs.100 each to ensure that the continue to receive same amount of interest.
- Yellow Star Ltd. has issued 1.5 equity share for each equity share of Blue Ltd. and one equity share of each equity share of Star Ltd.

The face value of shares issues by Yellow Star Ltd. is Rs. 100 each. You are require to prepare balance sheet of Yellow Star Ltd. as on 01-04-2002 after the amalgamation has been carried out using the pooling of interest method.

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$